Internal Revenue Service

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Person To Contact:

, ID No.

Telephone Number:

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Date:

December 08, 2016

Legend

<u>X</u> =

 $\underline{\text{Trust 1}} =$

Trust 2 =

Trust 3 =

 State
 =

 Date 1
 =

 Date 2
 =

 Date 3
 =

 Date 4
 =

 Date 5
 =

Dear :

This responds to a letter dated July 5, 2015, and subsequent correspondence submitted on behalf of \underline{X} by \underline{X} 's authorized representatives, requesting inadvertent termination relief under § 1362(f) of the Internal Revenue Code.

FACTS

The information submitted states that \underline{X} was incorporated under the laws of <u>State</u> on <u>Date 1</u> and elected to be an S corporation effective <u>Date 2</u>. On <u>Date 3</u> shares of \underline{X} were transferred to <u>Trust 1</u>. \underline{X} represents that <u>Trust 1</u> qualified to elect to be treated as a qualified subchapter S trust (QSST), however, a timely QSST election within the

meaning of § 1361(d)(2) was not filed, thereby, causing \underline{X} 's S corporation election to terminate on $\underline{Date 3}$.

On <u>Date 4</u>, shares of <u>X</u> were transferred to <u>Trust 2</u>. <u>X</u> represents that <u>Trust 2</u> qualified to elect to be treated as a QSST; however, a timely QSST election within the meaning of § 1361(d)(2) was not filed. The failure to make the QSST election would have terminated <u>X</u>'s S corporation election had it not already been terminated.

On <u>Date 5</u>, shares of <u>X</u> were transferred to <u>Trust 3</u>. <u>X</u> represents that <u>Trust 3</u> qualified to elect to be treated as a QSST; however, a timely QSST election within the meaning of § 1361(d)(2) was not filed. The failure to make the QSST election would have terminated <u>X</u>'s S corporation election had it not already been terminated.

 \underline{X} represents that all circumstances resulting in the termination of \underline{X} 's S corporation election were inadvertent and not motivated by tax avoidance. \underline{X} further represents that \underline{X} filed returns consistent with \underline{X} 's status as an S corporation and \underline{Trust} $\underline{1}$, \underline{Trust} $\underline{2}$, and \underline{Trust} $\underline{3}$ filed returns consistent with rules applicable to QSSTs. \underline{X} and its shareholders agreed to make such adjustments (consistent with the treatment of \underline{X} as an S corporation) as may be required by the Secretary.

LAW

Section 1361(a)(1) provides that the term "S corporation" means, with respect to any taxable year, a small business corporation for which an election under § 1362(a) is in effect for such year.

Section 1361(b)(1)(B) provides that, for purposes of subchapter S, the term "small business corporation" means a domestic corporation which is not an ineligible corporation and which does not have as a shareholder a person (other than an estate, a trust described in § 1361(c)(2), or an organization described in § 1361(c)(6)) who is not an individual.

Section 1361(c)(2)(A)(i) provides that, for purposes of § 1361(b)(1)(B), a trust all of which is treated (under subpart E of part 1 of subchapter J of chapter 1) as owned by an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States may be an S corporation shareholder.

Section 1361(d)(1) provides that a QSST, whose beneficiary makes an election under § 1361(d)(2), will be treated as a trust described in § 1361(c)(2)(A)(i), and the beneficiary of such trust shall be treated as the owner (for purposes of § 678(a)) of that portion of the trust which consist of stock in an S corporation with respect to which the election under § 1361(d)(2) is made.

Section 1.1361-1(j)(6)(ii) provides that the current income beneficiary of the trust must make the election under \S 1361(d)(2) by signing and filing with the service center where the corporation files its income tax return the applicable form or a statement including the information listed in \S 1.1361-1(j)(6)(ii).

Section 1362(d)(2) provides that an election under § 1362(a) shall be terminated whenever (at any time on or after the 1st day of the 1st taxable year for which the corporation is an S corporation) such corporation ceases to be a small business corporation.

Section 1362(f) provides that if (1) an election under § 1362(a) by any corporation was terminated under § 1362(d)(2) or (3), (2) the Secretary determines that the circumstances resulting in such termination were inadvertent, (3) no later than a reasonable period of time after discovery of the circumstances resulting in such termination, steps were taken so that the corporation for which the termination occurred is a small business corporation, and (4) the corporation for which the termination occurred, and each person who was a shareholder in such corporation at any time during the period specified pursuant to 1362(f), agrees to make such adjustments (consistent with the treatment of such corporation as an S corporation) as may be required by the Secretary with respect to such period, then, notwithstanding the circumstances resulting in such termination, such corporation shall be treated as an S corporation during the period specified by the Secretary.

CONCLUSION

Based solely on the facts submitted and representations made, we conclude that \underline{X} 's S corporation election terminated beginning on $\underline{Date\ 3}$, when the stock in \underline{X} was transferred to $\underline{Trust\ 1}$ because a timely QSST election was not filed under § 1361(d)(2). We conclude that the termination was inadvertent within the meaning of § 1362(f). Moreover, had \underline{X} 's S corporation election not already terminated on $\underline{Date\ 3}$, it would have terminated on $\underline{Date\ 4}$ and $\underline{Date\ 5}$, when stock was transferred to $\underline{Trust\ 2}$ and $\underline{Trust\ 3}$, respectively, and timely QSST elections were not filed for the trusts. Similarly, these would have been inadvertent terminations within the meaning of § 1362(f).

Therefore, we conclude that \underline{X} will continue to be treated as an S corporation for the period from $\underline{Date\ 3}$ provided that \underline{X} 's S corporation election was valid and was not otherwise terminated under $\S\ 1362(d)$. This ruling is conditioned upon the income beneficiaries of $\underline{Trust\ 1}$, $\underline{Trust\ 2}$, and $\underline{Trust\ 3}$ filing a QSST election for each trust effective upon the date the trust received shares of \underline{X} . All elections must be filed with the appropriate service center within 120 days of the date of this ruling. A copy of this letter should be attached to each QSST election.

Except as expressly provided herein, we express or imply no opinion concerning the tax consequences of any aspect of any transaction or item discussed or referenced

in this letter. Specifically, we express or imply no opinion regarding whether \underline{X} is otherwise eligible to be treated as an S corporation or whether $\underline{Trust\ 1}$, $\underline{Trust\ 2}$, and $\underline{Trust\ 3}$ are eligible to be treated as QSSTs.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer requesting it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent. Pursuant to a power of attorney on file, a copy of this letter is being sent to \underline{X} 's authorized representatives.

Sincerely,

Faith P. Colson

Faith P. Colson Senior Counsel, Branch 1 (Passthroughs & Special Industries)

Enclosures (2)
Copy of this Letter
Copy for 6110 purposes